

UAlberta at SemEval-2024 Task 1: A Potpourri of Methods for Quantifying Multilingual Semantic Textual Relatedness and Similarity

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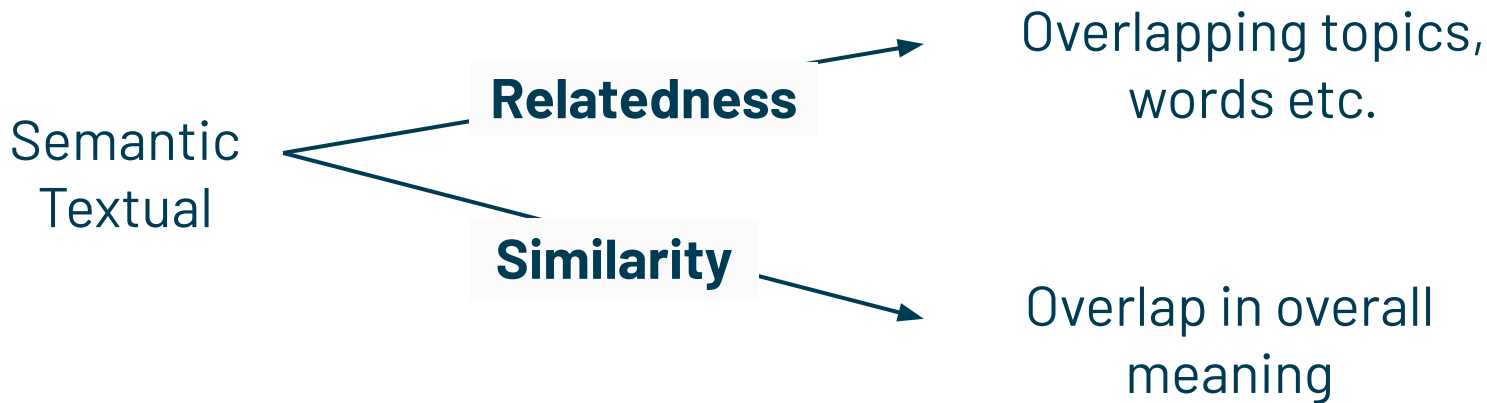
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Semantic Textual Relatedness (STR) and Similarity (STS)

STR is a broad term for measuring the **degree of commonality** between pairs of sentences.

STS measures the degree in which pairs of sentences are **close in meaning**.



Semantic Textual Relatedness (STR) and Similarity (STS)

When I tried again, I was able to juggle.
When I went back to it, I was able to juggle!



High relatedness
High similarity

Old car driving down the road.
Two old women enjoying at a gathering.



Low relatedness
Low similarity

Hypothesis 1

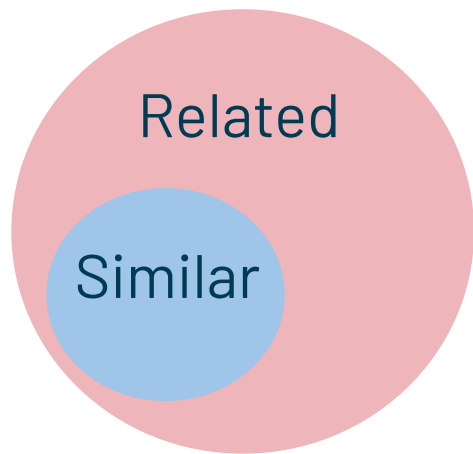
Similarity is a special case of relatedness.

For example*:

And in the United States, **we're considered** Mexican.

And in the United States, **we are considering** Mexicans.

High relatedness but low similarity.



Hypothesis 2

Relatedness and similarity are **preserved under translation**.

It is better **known as a walk** .

It is also **known as a walk** .

} 0.88

It is better **known as a walk** .

También **se le conoce como paseo** .

} 0.88 Spanish

It is better **known as a walk** .

Dit staan ook **bekend as 'n stap** .

} 0.88 Afrikaans

Methods

Explicit Semantic	Extrinsic	Distributional	Large Language Models
Create and compare semantic representations of each inputted sentence	Use the output of systems designed for other semantic tasks	Create and compare embeddings from PLMs	Prompting or combining multiple model outputs

Methods

Explicit Semantic	Extrinsic	Distributional	Large Language Models
Word Overlap (WO) Concept Overlap (CO) Abstract Meaning Representation (AMR)	Paraphrase Identification (PI) Natural Language Inference (NLI)	Embed-B Embed-R	Prompt Fusion Fine-tune

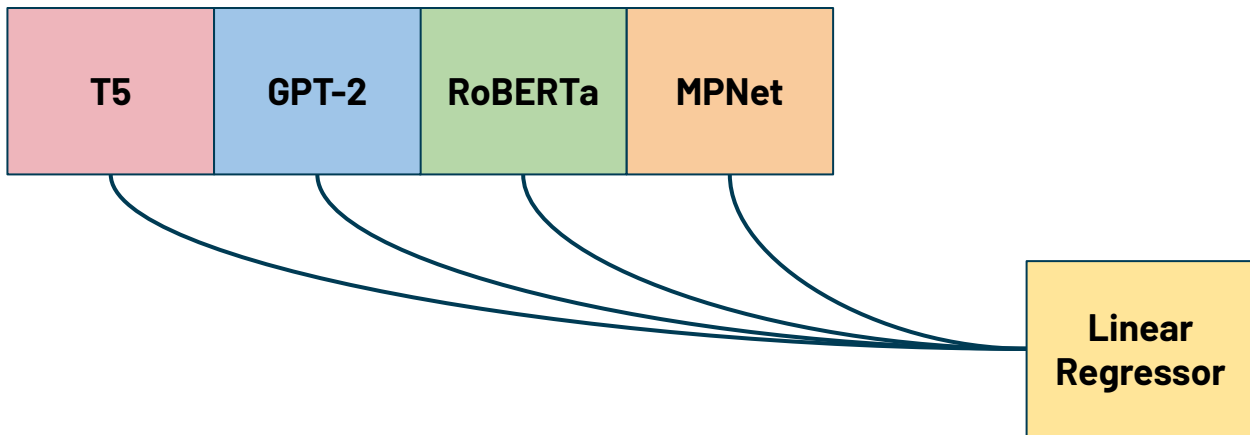
Methods

Explicit Semantic	Extrinsic	Distributional	Large Language Models
W0: Python Libraries CO: AMuSE-WSD AMR: Sapienza API	PI: RoBERTa & fine-tuned classifier NLI: RoBERTa with NLI Classifier	Embed-B: BERT Embed-R: RoBERTA	Prompt: ChatGPT Fusion: Open-source LLMs Fine-tune: T5, GPT2, RoBERTa, MPNet

Ensemble

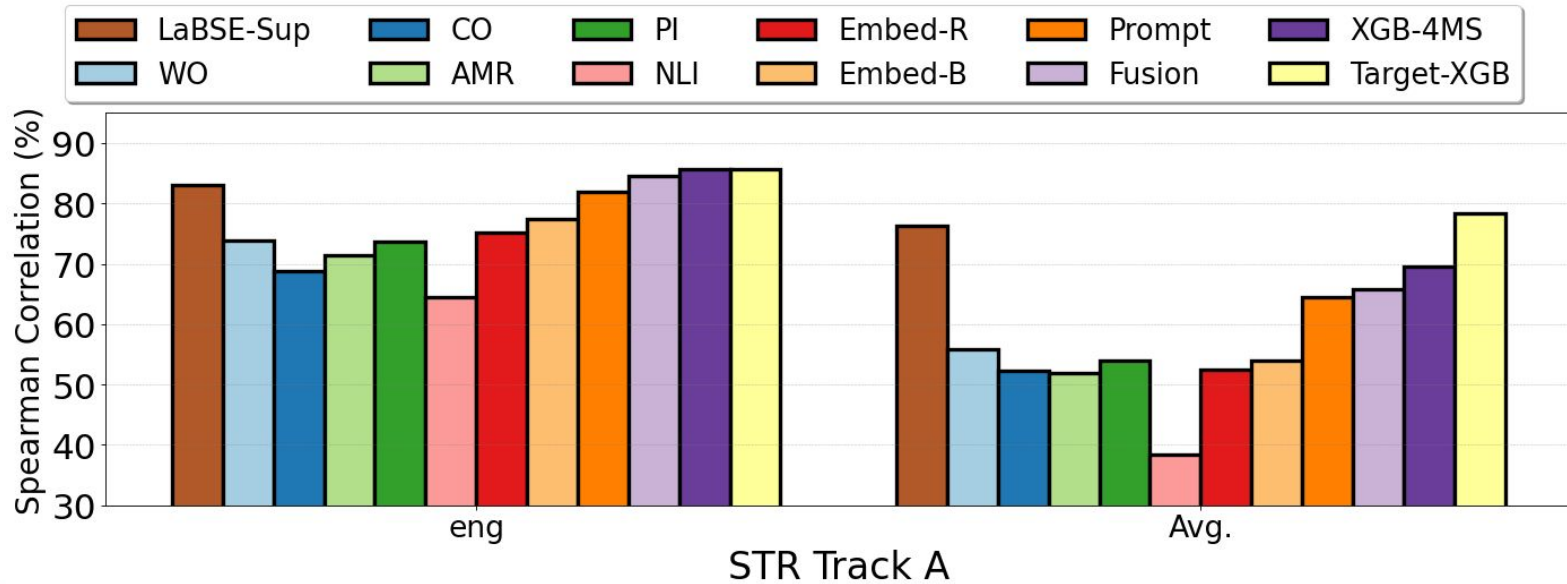
Our **best results** are reported from a **regression ensemble system** involving the **4 fine-tuned models**.

- Treat **each score** as a **feature in a linear regressor**.



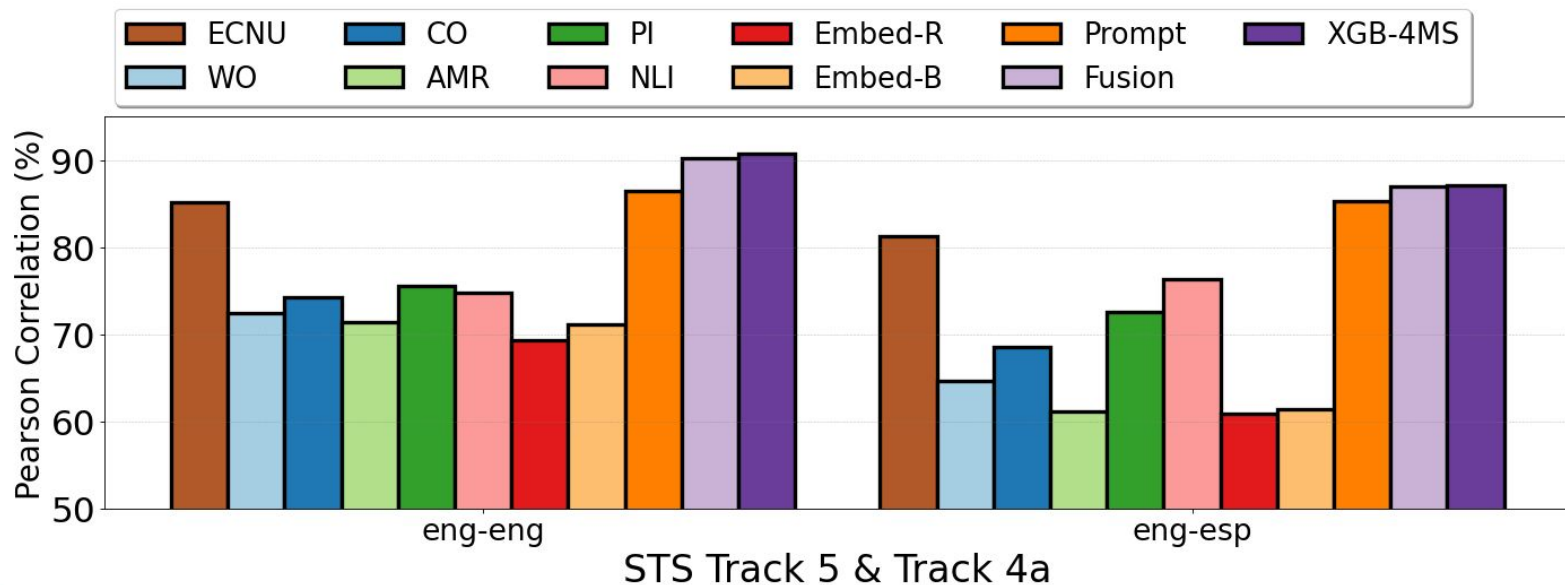
STR Results

Achieved SOTA results for English.



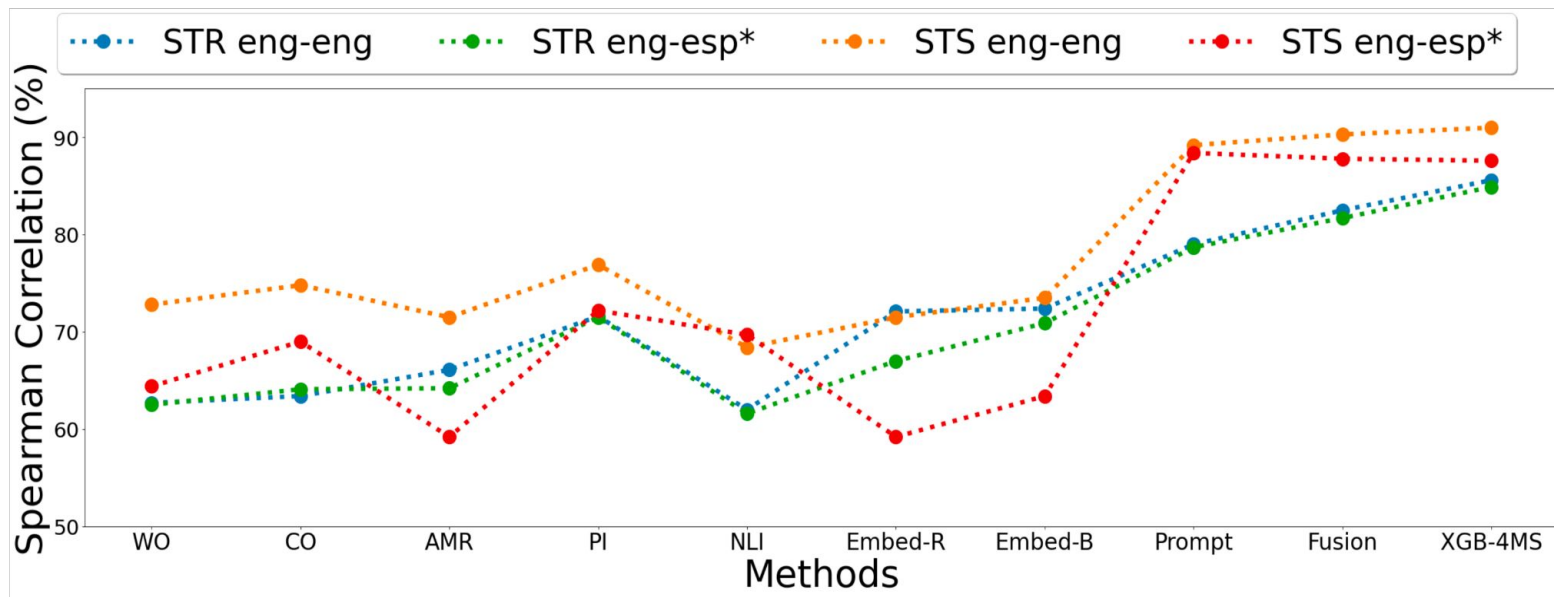
STS Results

STS dataset from SemEval 2017 Task 1 with ECNU being the best recorded method.

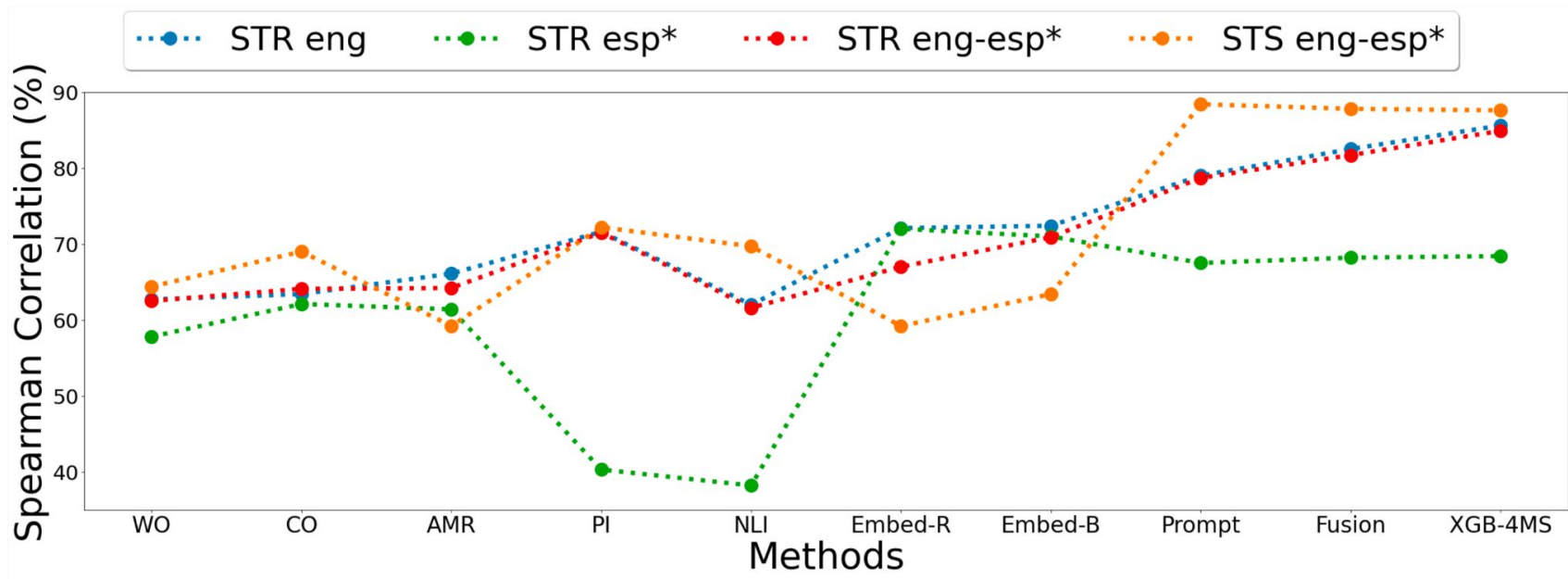


STR vs STS Results

High correlation between performance of methods on STR and STS datasets.



Mono-Lingual vs Cross-Lingual



Conclusions

- **Ensembled a variety of methods** on two sentence-level semantic tasks in mono-lingual and cross-lingual conditions.
- Achieved **SOTA results for English** and **top 3** performance for **16** of the language/track settings.
- Provided evidence for **two hypotheses**:
 1. Semantic **similarity is a special case of semantic relatedness**.
 2. Both similarity and relatedness are **preserved under translation**.

github.com/UAlberta-NLP/SemEval2024-STR

